

Employee Name _____

Job Title _____

OSHA DEFINITIONS OF EXPOSURE RISK

Exposure Determinations for Tuberculosis

Occupational exposure means reasonably anticipated contact, that results from the performance of an employee's duties, with an individual with suspected or confirmed infectious TB or air that may contain aerosolized M tuberculosis.

This applies to occupational exposures to TB occurring:

1. In hospitals
2. In long term care facilities for the elderly
3. In correctional facilities and other facilities that house inmates or detainees
4. In hospices
5. In shelters for the homeless
6. In facilities that offer treatment for drug abuse
7. In facilities where high-hazard procedures are performed
8. In laboratories that handle specimens that may contain M tuberculosis, or process or maintain the resulting cultures, or perform related activity that may result in the aerosolization of M tuberculosis
9. This includes temporary or contract employees or by personnel who service or repair air systems or equipment or who renovate, repair, or maintain areas of buildings that may reasonably be anticipated to contain aerosolized M tuberculosis
10. During the provision of social work, social welfare services, teaching, law enforcement, or legal services if provided in any of the work settings listed above, or in residences, to individuals who are AFB isolation or are segregated or otherwise confined due to having been suspected or confirmed infectious TB
11. During the provision of emergency medical services, home health care and home based hospice care

Exposure Determinations for Blood Borne Pathogens

Occupational exposure means reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous, membrane, or parenteral (piercing mucous membrane or skin via needlesticks, cuts, bites, or abrasions) contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials that may result from the performance of an employee's duties. Other potentially infectious materials means:

1. The following human body fluids: semen, vaginal secretions, cerebrospinal fluid, synovial fluid, pericardial fluid, peritoneal fluid, amniotic fluid, saliva in dental procedures, any body fluid that is visibly contaminated with blood, and all body fluids in situations where it is difficult or impossible to differentiate between body fluids
2. Any unfixed tissue or organ (other than intact skin) from a human (living or dead)
3. HIV-containing cell or tissue cultures, organs, cultures, and HIV or HBV containing culture medium or other solutions, and blood, organs, or other tissues from experimental animals infected with HIV or HBV

IS THIS POSITION AT RISK OF EXPOSURE TO BLOOD BORNE PATHOGENS? ___ YES ___ NO

IS THIS POSITION AT RISK OF EXPOSURE TO TUBERCULOSIS? ___ YES ___ NO

Department Signature _____ Date _____